

Roll No.

BBA-203(N)

**B. B. A. (Second Semester)
EXAMINATION, May, 2017**

(New Course)

Paper Third

INDIAN ECONOMY

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt questions from all Sections as directed.

Inst. : The candidates are required to answer only in serial order. If there are many parts of a question, answer them in continuation.

Section—A

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note : All questions are compulsory. 3 each

1. (A) What are the causes of rural indebtedness ?
- (B) Mention the main source of agricultural finance.
- (C) Differentiate between economic growth and economic development.
- (D) How does resource availability affect growth ?
- (E) Mention the characteristics of Indian economy.

- (F) Which type of unemployment exists in the agriculture sector in India ?
- (G) Who are financial intermediaries ?
- (H) Discuss the position sugar industry in U. P.
- (I) Write a note on 'Green Revolution.'
- (J) What is 'Population Explosion' ?

Section—B

10 each

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note : Attempt any *two* questions.

- 2. Differentiate between economic growth and economic development. Discuss the composition of economic growth and development with reference to the social and economic infrastructure.
- 3. Discuss the recent population policy of India. What are the reasons for high population pressure in India ? Also discuss the problems related to it.
- 4. Examine the growth of Indian economy during the period of five year planning in India.
- 5. Explain the concept of human resource development. Discuss the reasons for a comparative poor status of human development in India.

Section—C

10 each

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note : Attempt any *two* questions.

- 6. Examine the status of Indian agriculture sector at the time of independence. Further discuss the growth of sector during planning period.

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7. Mention the problem and prospects of steel industry in India.
8. "Commercial banks are vital for the growth and development of an economy as they ensure balanced growth of an economy."
9. Small scale industries are the life-blood of Indian economy.